Delivery & Expected Delivery

A **delivery** means a set of goods travelling from Location A to Location B. While the **delivery** marks the outbound object (somebody sends something), the **expected delivery** marks the object which plans the future arrival of the goods.

> **Delivery** and **expected delivery** may belong to different b-op digitals, when the receipient and the sender are not the same digital. If both are the same, both entities coexist in the same b-op digital.

> In many cases the customer makes a pre-decision on the preferred delivery option, which is documented in the internal or customer order and must be considered, when definiting the final delivery option.

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